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LANDSCAPE CONTRACTING

19251

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Hardy Trees and Plants of Quality



BULK'S NURSERIES, BAY SHORE, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.

JAC. BULK, Proprietor

Phone, Bay Shore 542

Office and Display Grounds
Windsor Avenue and South Country Road,
Brightwaters

Nurseries

Boulevard, Bay Shore, L. I., N. Y. and South Country Road, Babylon, L. I., N. Y.

Introduction

In presenting this catalogue, we wish to thank our customers for their liberal past patronage and take pleasure in soliciting their further valued orders. Our aim has been to be as brief as possible and, at the same time, list all the most beautiful and best varieties of plants suitable for Long Island.

To meet the increasing demand of our friends, who realize that a house without trees and plants is not a home, we have purchased thirty-two acres of land on the South Country Road just one mile west of the village of Babylon, where, starting this Spring, we will plant thousands of young trees, shrubs and plants. We make a specialty of evergreens and have an excellent stock of varieties that will do well in this vicinity. It is our practice to inspect each tree that leaves our nursery and give each department our personal attention.

To all interested we extend a cordial invitation to visit our nurseries and make a personal selection of trees and shrubs.

Landscape Service

We consider it a pleasure to offer suggestions in regard to planting problems without charge, to those who have time and do not wish to employ experienced help. Where special visits, plans, specifications, etc., are necessary, a moderate charge will be made for that service.

Landscape work attempted without the most careful consideration of all details is never satisfactory and usually entails large additional expenditures for omissions and revisions. For good results, one has to know what varieties of shrubs attain certain heights and which varieties do well in the shade or which are suitable for sandy soil or seashore planting.

We have men who are technically trained in the designing and execution of landscape problems and have also the practical experience absolutely necessary in this kind of work. We have available at the proper seasons of the year, gardeners for general overhaul, summer and winter pruning, hedge trimming and winter mulching. Such work is important, if satisfactory results are to be secured and should be intrusted only to thoroughly trained men.

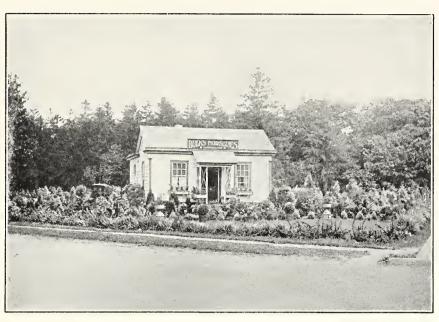
Planting Seasons

For evergreens, from the time the frost leaves the ground until the latter part of June, though early planting is much preferred. Some varieties of evergreens, however, can be moved more or less satisfactorily all during the summer months. August, September and October are also excellent months for moving evergreens.

For shrubs, trees and fruit trees, from the latter part of March till June. In the fall, from the middle of October until the ground freezes.

General Directions for Ordering and our Terms

In ordering, always give explicit directions as to address and desired time of delivery. We will otherwise use our best judgment and forward by most economical route. Practically all our deliveries will be made by our trucks. Delivery is free of charge within five miles radius of our office—beyond five miles a small charge will be made for delivery to cover cost, unless otherwise arranged for at time of sale.



Our Main Office and General Headquarters

Guarantee

It being impossible for us to control the after care and weather conditions which may affect newly planted trees, Bulk's Nurseries agrees to resupply, at one-half the original price paid, any plants sold at the within published prices, that may die within one year from date of invoice, from causes other than abuse or neglect. Making the following reservations:

- 1. The account be paid within 30 days from date of invoice.
- 2. That in the event we shall not have in stock at the time for replacement, plants like those originally supplied, or are prevented by strikes or other conditions beyond our control from making shipment of plants needed for replacement, then we are to apply the amount of credit to which the customer is entitled toward the purchase of other plants that he may at the time select and which we can supply.

We guarantee our stock to be true to name and will replace any that may prove otherwise or refund the purchase price. We guarantee our stock to be in good condition when shipped.

As many of our customers are at their country homes only on Saturdays and Sundays, our office will be open on those days during shipping seasons, or we will make an appointment with you at your home.

BULK'S NURSERIES

Bay Shore, Long Island, New York



Evergreens

In this group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. The diversity of color and habit of growth in this class provides truly "a plant for every place and purpose," some for the limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others for screens, hedges and windbreaks, and for group and specimen plantings. They are always desirable for any landscape planting for both summer and winter effects.

Thuya and Biota American Arborvitae (Thuya occidentalis)—Also known as White Cedar. Easy to plant and thriving on a variety of soils. 2 to 3 ft. \$ 2.50 3 to 4 ft. 4.00 4 to 5 ft. 6.00 5 to 6 ft. 9.00 6 to 7 ft. 12.00 George Peabody Arborvitae (Thuya occ. lutea)—Pyramidal in habit. One of the best golden forms. Each 2 to 3 ft. \$3.00 3 to 4 ft. 5.00 4 to 5 ft. 8.00	Pyramidal Arborvitae (Thuya occ. pyramidalis)—Quite tall, columnar evergreen, retaining itsbright green color throughout the winter.Each $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.\$ 3.003 to 4 ft.5.004 to 5 ft.7.005 to 6 ft.9.006 to 7 ft.12.50 Siberian Arborvitae (Thuya occ. siberica)—Compact and dense foliage, the color remains quite a rich green throughout the year. One of the hardiest. Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$2.50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.50 3 to 4 ft. 7.00
Globe Arborvitae (Thuya occ. globosa)—Develops into globe-like head; quite dwarf, splendid for formal effects. Each 1 to 1½ ft\$2.50 1½ to 2 ft	Rosenthal's Arborvitae (Thuya occ. Rosenthali)— A very dense and symmetrical evergreen; very distinctive. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$6.00 4 to 5 ft. \$8.00

Chinese Arborvitae (Biota orientalis)—Columnar
habit. Best adapted for bed or border plantings
where its light green foliage lends a pleasing note
of contrast. Each
1½ to 2 ft\$ 2.00
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 4.50
4 to 5 ft 7.00
5 to 6 ft
Dynam Chinasa Anhamitaa Ahaaba taa afalaa
Dwarf Chinese Arborvitae—A bushy tree of slow
growth. An upright oval in shape. Fine green fol-
iage. Each
1½ to 2 ft\$3.00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4.00$

Dwarf Golden Biota (Biota nana aurea)—A bush tree of slow growth, in shape an upright ova Beautiful golden color. Eac.	ĺ.
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	

Firs and Spruces

White Fir (Abies concolor)—Very majestic with its rich silvery needles. One of the hardiest of the Firs. Will stand snow, ice and wind abuse.

$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft										.\$	3.00
2 to 3 ft											4.50
3 to 4 ft											7.00
4 to 5 ft											10.00

Nordman's Fir (Ables Nordmaniana)—Lust	rous,
deep green foliage and symmetrical form.	Each
1½ to 2 ft\$	2.50
2 to 3 ft	4.00

/ 4														
2 tc	3 f	t	 											4.00
3 tc	4 f	t	 											6.00
4 tc	5 f	t	 											10.00
5 to	6 f	t	 											14.00

White Spruce (Picea alba)—Native spruce, resembles the Norway Spruce but is more compact and a slower grower.

9	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$2.00
2 to 3 ft	2.75
3 to 4 ft	4.50

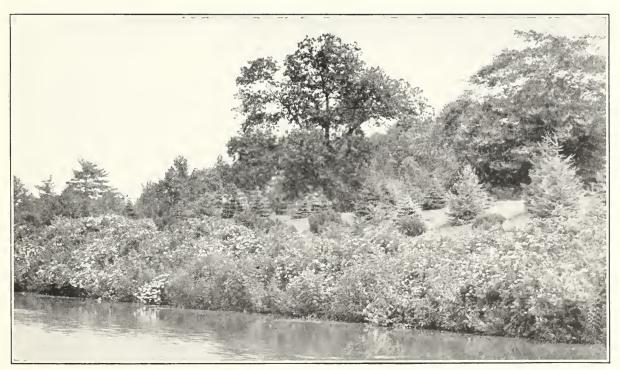
Norway Spruce (Picea excelsa)—The best known Spruce. Fine for specimens, for screens and windbreaks.

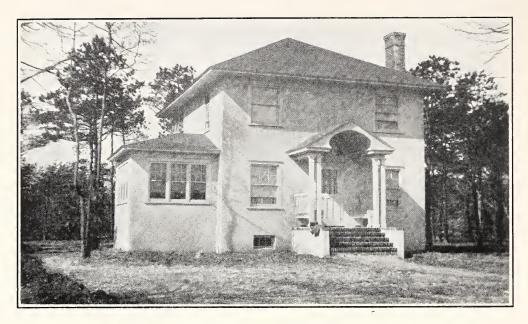
•		2366011
	1½ to 2 ft	 \$2.00
	2 to 3 ft	 2.75
	3 to 4 ft	 4.00
	4 to 5 ft	 5.00

Weeping Norway Spruce (Picea Excelsa pendula)

Colorado Spruce Green (Picea pungens)—Symmetrical habit, very hardy, with light green foliage.

										Each	
3 to 4 t	ft	 	 							 \$6.00	
4 to 5 t	ft	 	 							 8.00	





Before Planting

Home of Mr. G. S. Pettit, Brightwaters, L. I.



After Planting

The same house two months after we had planted a few evergreens and other plants around it. It looked cozy and home-like at once.











Showing Types and Shapes of Various Evergreens

Colorado Blue Spruce (Picea pungens glauca)— Very fine spruce. Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$ 5.00 2 to 3 ft. 7.50 3 to 4 ft. 10.00 4 to 5 ft. 14.00
Koster's Blue Spruce (Picea pungens gl. Kosteri)— The popular Blue Spruce. Fine for lawn specimens.
Each 2½ to 3 ft
3 to 3½ ft
3½ to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft
6 to 7 ft 35.00
Oriental Spruce (Picea orientalis)—Short, dark,
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each 3 to 4 ft
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$ 6.00 4 to 5 ft. 10.00
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each 3 to 4 ft
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$ 6.00 4 to 5 ft. 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 14.00
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$ 6.00 4 to 5 ft. \$ 10.00 5 to 6 ft. \$ 14.00 6 to 7 ft. \$ 20.00 Douglas Spruce (Pseudotsuga douglasi glauca)— A beautiful tree with soft, bluish foliage. Grows
Lach Each 3 to 4 ft. \$6.00 4 to 5 ft. 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 14.00 6 to 7 ft. 20.00 Douglas Spruce (Pseudotsuga douglasi glauca)— A beautiful tree with soft, bluish foliage. Grows rapidly in sandy loam. Each
lustrous needles. A genuine gem among evergreens. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$6.00 4 to 5 ft. \$10.00 5 to 6 ft. \$14.00 6 to 7 ft. \$20.00 Douglas Spruce (Pseudotsuga douglasi glauca)— A beautiful tree with soft, bluish foliage. Grows rapidly in sandy loam. Each 2 to 3 ft. \$3.00

Hemlocks (Tsuga)

Carolina Hemlock (Tsuga caroliniana)—A compact graceful tree of rare beauty. The dark green needles are silver colored beneath.

Each

3 to 4	4 ft	 	 	\$ 8.00
4 to !	5 ft	 	 	10.00
5 to 6	6 ft	 	 	15.00

American Hemlock (Tsuga canadensis)—Magnificent native tree, extremely useful for ornamental planting. As lawn specimens in full sunlight the lower branches sweep the ground. They tolerate partial shade and their endurance of shearing adapts them for limited areas and for use in hedges.

	I	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		2.50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$		3.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		4.50
3 to 4 ft		00.6
4 to 5 ft		7.00
5 to 6 ft		2.00
6 to 7 ft	1	5.00

Japanese Cypress (Retinispora)

Thread Branched Retinispora (Ret. filifera)—
Fine form with very graceful long pendulous thread-like branchlets; excellent for foundation plantings, foliage light green.

1½ to 2 ft.

5.00
2 to 3 ft.

5.00
3 to 4 ft.

7.50
4 to 5 ft.

12.00
5 to 6 ft.

7 to 8 ft.

8 3.00
0

 Obtuse Leaved Retinispora (Ret. obtusa)—Foliage rich dark green, arranged in an odd cluster-like form.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.
 \$2.75

 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.
 4.00

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.
 5.00

 3 to 4 ft.
 7.50



Hemlock

Pea-Fruited Retinispora (Ret. pisifera)—An exceedingly hardy evergreen with beautiful slender and graceful branches full of light green leaves. A wonderful plant for ornamental planting either in groups or as individual specimens.

Each

$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 												\$3.	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	 												4.	50
3 to 4 ft		 												7.	00

Golden Pea-Fruited Retinispora (Ret. pisifera aurea)—Light, airy, golden foliage that blends well in mixed plantings.

$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft.												. \$	2.50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 												3.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft.													4.50
3 to 4 ft														7.00
4 to 5 ft														10.00

Plume-Like Retinispora (Ret. plumosa)—Known as the plume-cypress. Dwarf, green form. Excellent for use in foundation plantings.

1 to 1½ ft	 											. \$	1.75
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	 		 										2.75
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	 		 			-							3.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft													
3 to 4 ft	 		 										7.00
4 to 5 ft	 		 										10.00

Golden Retinispora (Ret. plumosa aurea)—Similar to the preceding variety but with a rich, warm golden foliage.

1 to 1½	ft.	 		 								.\$	1	. 7	75
11/2 ft		 											2	. 7	7,5

$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	\$ 3.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	 4.50
3 to 4 ft	 7.00
4 to 5 ft	10.00

Blue Japanese Cypress (Ret. squarosa veitchi)—
Pyramidal and dense in form with soft, feathery
growth of bluish green. The plant can be kept at
any height by pruning, which process does not
disturb it.

Each

isturb it.	Lach
1 to 1½ ft	\$ 2.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	5.50
3 to 4 ft	7.50
4 to 5 ft	12.00

Junipers and Cedars

Chinese Juniper (J. Chinensis)—Pyramidal habit with particularly ornamental light green foliage; the branches spread horizontally, forming bushy heads.

$2\frac{1}{2}$ to	3 ft	 									. \$	4.50
3 to 4	ft	 										6.00
4 to 5	ft	 										8.00
5 to 6	ft	 										12.50



Koster's Blue Spruce

Variegated Chinese Juniper (Jun. chin. arg. var.)
-Light green foliage with terminal branches
tipped yellow. Very distinctive. Each
2 to 2½ ft\$ 5.00
2½ to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
Golden English Juniper (J. communis aurea)— Because of its spreading form and beautiful golden foliage this evergreen will add a touch of color to any group planting and greatly improve its effectiveness. A very valuable addition to your collection or as individual specimens. Each 1½ to 2 ft
2 to 3 ft. 3.50 4 to 5 ft. 10.00
Savin Juniper (J. Sabina)—A vase shaped plant with deep green foliage. It is not fastidious about soil condition and does well on light, sandy, poor soil. Very useful plant for all purposes. Valued for rockeries, groups and borders in combination with other low-growing evergreens. Each
2 to 3 ft\$4.50 3 to 3½ ft
Red Cedar (J. virginiana)—Our native Red Cedar, useful as formal specimens, in groups and for producing naturalistic effects. Will thrive at the seashore.
3 to 4 ft. \$ 3.50 4 to 5 ft. 6.00 6 to 7 ft. 7.50 7 to 8 ft. 10.00 8 to 10 ft. 12.50 10 to 12 ft. 17.50 12 to 14 ft. 22.00 14 to 30 ft. Prices on application
Schott's Juniper (J. virg. schotti)—Rich green color in winter; tall and pointed. A fine tree for formal or Italian effects.
4 to 5 ft. \$6.50 5 to 6 ft. 8.00 6 to 7 ft. 9.00
Japanese Juniper (Juniperus japonica)—Very solid green foliage; oblique, spreading habit.
Each 3 to 4 ft. diam. \$7.50 4 to 5 ft. diam. 10.00
Blue Virginia Cedar (J. virg. glauca)—Slender type, most nearly corresponding to the classic Cypress. Distinctive glaucous foliage. Is probably one of the most popular forms in the garden.
Each 4 to 5 ft \$ 9.00
5 to 6 ft
6 to 7 ft

Trailing Juniper (J. prostata)—Low spreading habit. For use in rock gardens and as ground cover on banks and terraces. With dark green foliage this is truly one of the best varieties of the Juniper family for effective ornamental plantings.

			Each
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots$	 	 	 \$5.00
4 to 5 ft	 	 	 8.00

Golden Japanese Juniper (Juniperus japonica aurea)—Small, splendid golden scaly needles, spreading habit—very distinct and attractive.

											E	cl	n
3 to 4 f	ft. diam.									.\$	9.	00	O
4 to 5 t	ft. diam.										12.	50	0



Norway Spruce

Pfitzer's Juniper	(J. pfit	zeriana)—V	ase shaped,
spreading growth	and ligh	t green folias	ge producing
a beautiful soft	effect.	Extremely	hardy and
thrives in shade.			Each

1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$	2.00
1½ to 2 ft	3.00
2 to 2½ ft	4.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7.00
3 to 4 ft	10.00

Japanese Cedar (Cryptomeria Japonica)—Narrow headed tree of somewhat open conical growth. Heavy scale like foliage, light green and distinctive. Displayed best as specimen or in open groupings. From Japan.

3 to 4 ft.		 		 \$	7.50
4 to 5 ft.		 	.	 	10.00
5 to 6 ft.		 	.	 	18.00
6 to 7 ft.		 		 	22.00
7 to 8 ft.	.	 		 	28.00

The Pines

(Pinus)

The Pines are undoubtedly one of the most popular evergreens planted and repay the planter many times with their beauty.

White Pine (Pinus strobus)—The grand old pine so well known; the picturesque pine of many a landscape. The foliage is soft and bluish-green.

4 to 5 ft	4.50
5 to 6 ft	6.00
6 to 8 ft	9.00
8 to 10 ft	13.00
12 to 14 ft	20.00

Mugho Pine (Pinus mughus)—A low spreading dwarf pine. Invaluable as a foreground plant in foundation plantings. Grows well on rocky ground.

1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$	ft													\$3.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft		 						,					4.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft													5.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	٠.,												6.50

contable for lawn or park planting.		Laci
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	 	\$ 3.00
3 to 4 ft	 	 5.00
4 to 5 ft	 	 8.00
5 to 6 ft.		10.00

The Yews

(Taxus)

Japanese Yew (Taxus cusp. capitata)—One of the hardiest of Yews. Upright rather open growth, with rich green foliage. Makes a beautiful medium sized specimen and can be kept symmetrical by trimming.

2 to 2½ ft	\$ 5.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7.00
3 to 4 ft	10.00
4 to 5 ft	15.00

Dwarf Japanese Yew (T. cusp. brevifolia)—Irregular, unique outline with deep green foliage. A popular variety for places where low spreading plant is wanted. Does well in shade and is extremely hardy.

Each

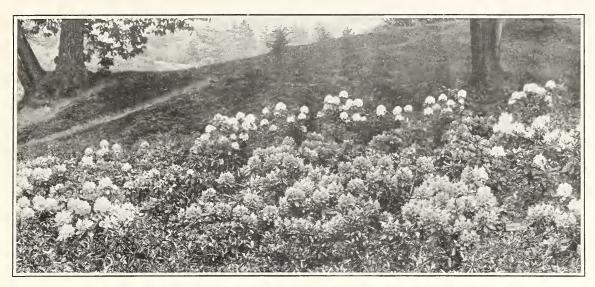
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	 	 	 \$3.50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	 	 	 4.50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	 	 	 7.50

Spreading English Yew (T. repandens)—Low spreading growth with dark, glossy green foliage, making it effective in the foreground of mixed evergreens.

.½ to 2 ft\$4.00	į
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 7.00$	1
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	i



Mugho Pine



Broad Leaf Evergreens: Rhododendrons, Azaleas and Kalmias

Broad Leaf Evergreens

With few exceptions, no grounds, either small or extensive, should be without some representative of this rich and interesting group of plants. Shade enduring and their rich blossom and foliage effect, makes them almost indispensable. Certain varieties of this class, such as Rhododendrons, Azaleas and Laurel, ordinarily grow more satisfactorily and show to better advantage when planted in rather heavy masses. A deep, cool, moist sub-soil with proper drainage is the ideal soil.

The following list comprises the most popular varieties:

Azalea Amoena (Pink Japanese Azalea)—Charming, low growing evergreen with dark pink flower. Very showy when in bloom. Each 12 to 15 in. \$2.50 15 to 18 in. 3.00 18 to 24 in. 5.00 2 to 2½ ft. 6.00	Boxwood, Globe Shaped Each 12 to 15 in. \$ 4.00 15 to 18 in. 6.00 1½ to 2 ft. 10.00 2 to 2½ ft. 14.00 Boxwood, Pyramidal Form Each
Azalea Hinodigiri (Red Japanese Azalea)—Vivid red flowers in spring make this plant extremely showy and desirable.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. \$4.00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 7.50 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 10.00
12 to 15 in. spread	Boxwood Edging (Buxus suffruticosa)—Valuable for edging walks and for use in all formal and old-fashioned gardens. Each 4 to 6 in
Boxwood, Bush—Each 10 to 12 in.\$1.00 12 to 15 in. 1.50 15 to 18 in. 2.00 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 3.50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5.00	Euonymus Radicans vegeta—Known as Evergreen Bittersweet. Rich green foliage and extremely hardy. Excellent plant for foreground to Rhododendrons and evergreens. 1 to 1½ ft

Euonymus Radicans Variegated—Similar to preceding, with exception of foliage, which is dark green center with white border. Each	Mahonia Aquifolia (Holly Leaved Mahonia)— Holly-like leaves, yellow flowers in May. Handsome broad leaf evergreen. Each
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Japanese Holly (Ilex crenata)—This plant wilthrive in partial shade and near the sea shore. In foundation planting along with other evergreens, it is very distinctive and effective. Each	Rhododendron Catawbiense—Rosy purple flowers, blooming in late spring and glossy dark green leaves. Each 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$3.50
2 to 2½ ft. \$5.00 2½ to 3 ft. 6.00	2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 4 ft. 6.50 4 to 5 ft. 9.00
Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia)—A profuse bloomer in May and early June, with large corymbs of pink and white flowers. Each	Rhododendron Carolinianum—Small pinkish yellow blossoms and small leaves. Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$2.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50	1½ to 2 ft. \$3.00 2 to 3 ft. 4.00
2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 4 ft. 6.00	Rhododendron Maximum—White and pink tinged flowers in June. Nothing produces a more attractive result than this plant when used as
Drooping Andromeda (Leucothoe Catesbaei)— Long, dark green leaves that turn an attractive bronze in winter. Gracefully arched branches with pendant bell-shaped flowers in spring. Ideal for	undergrowth in wood places for natural effects, along walks and drives and for foundation planting in shady spots.
shady places. Each	2 to 2½ ft
12 to 15 in	3 to 4 ft. 4.00 4 to 5 ft. 6.50
18 to 24 in	5 to 6 ft



A screen planting we made on the lawn of Mr. Geo. L. Walker at Brightwaters. And the picture was taken only three months after planting.

Ornamental Shade Trees

In addition to the trees which are valued for their shade, are those flowering trees, which, at different times during the spring and summer shower the lawn with their bloom. Do not forget that while shade trees add materially to the property value and landscape charm of your home, the initial cost is very small as compared with the enjoyment that you receive. The average shade tree is a long investment and returns your money many fold throughout the years of its usefulness.



Norway Maple

Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)—One of the bets trees for street and lawn planting. A rapid, vigorous grower which develops into a broad headed specimen.

$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. caliper	\$ 4.00
2 to 2½ in. caliper	6.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. caliper	7.50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. caliper	9.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in. caliper	12.00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. caliper	15.00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. caliper	20.00

Red Japanese Maple (Acer polymorphum atropurpureum)—A red-leaved variety popular for lawn planting. Each

1½ to 2 ft	 \$ 5.00
2 to 3 ft	 8.00
3 to 4 ft	 15.00

White Birch (Betula alba)—White bark and quick grower. Valuable for landscape planting. Each

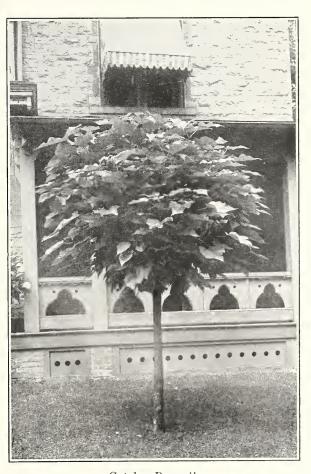
6 to 8 ft	2.00
8 to 10 ft	3.00
10 to 12 ft	4.00
14 to 16 ft	0.00

Umbrella Catalpa (Catalpa Bungeii)—Fine for producing formal effects. The heads can be kept compact and symmetrical by trimming late each winter.

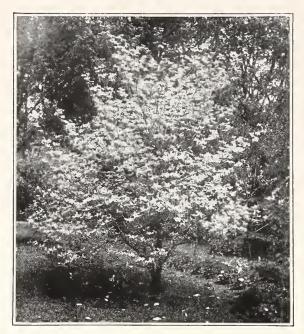
Stems 4 to 6 ft., heads 12 to 18 in......\$3.00 Stems 4 to 6 ft., heads 1½ to 2 ft....... 5.00

Hall's Star Magnolia (M. Halleana stellata)— Dwarf and bushy. The white, fragrant, star-like flowers come very early in the spring.

4 to 5 ft.....\$28.00



 $Catalpa\ Bungeii$



 $White\ Flowering\ Dogwood$

White Dogwood (Cornus florida)—A native variety

with attractive white flowers. They are useful in natural plantings on the edge of wood lands and as specimen trees.
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft
8 to 10 ft
Pink Flowering Dogwood (Cornus florida rubra)— The flowers vary in color from pink to light red and are beautiful in the early spring. Each
3 to 4 ft
Purple or Copper Beech (Fagus purpurea)—An effective tree for color contrast. Of rather slow growth but in time it develops into a fine specimen.

Double Pink English Hawthorn (Crataegus Oxycantha rosea)—Double pink flowers. A beauti-

ful flowering tree deserving a place in the land-
scape. Each
4 to 5 ft\$3.00
5 to 6 ft 4.00
Flowering Crabapple (Malus floribunda)—One of
the best of the flowering crabapples. It blooms
profusely, the rose-colored buds opening into
white blossoms. Each
4 to 5 ft\$2.50

Weeping Mulberry (Morus alba pendula)—Weeping form grafted on stems. Each Stems 4 to 5 ft
Oriental Plane (Platanus orientalis)—It is hardy, thrives near the sea shore and is remarkably free from insect pests. Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.}$ \$ 5.00 $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ in.}$ 7.00 $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.}$ 10.00
Carolina Poplar (Populus Caroliana)—A muchused tree where quick results are desired. Foliage clear and glossy. Each
8 to 10 ft
Lombardy Poplar (P. fastigiata)—A tall columnar form. Splendid for screen and accent planting.
8 to 10 ft. \$1.50 10 to 12 ft. 2.00 12 to 14 ft. 4.00
Purple Leaf Plum (Prunus Pissardi)—Flowering plum with deep purple foliage. Very effective.
Each 4 to 5 ft. \$1.50 5 to 6 ft. 3.00
Weeping Willow (Salix Babylonica)—Has long, pendulous, graceful drooping branches and especially effective when planted near water. Each
4 to 6 ft. \$1.00 6 to 8 ft. 2.00 8 to 10 ft. 3.00
Laurel Leaf Willow (Salix pentandra)—Has broad, glossy, dark green leaves. A strong grower at sea shore, along water edges or on high ground. Each
5 to 6 ft. \$1.00 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 8 to 10 ft. 2.00
Pussy Willow (Salix Caprea)—Very conspicuous in early spring when their catkins are opening.
Tree form, 6 to 8 ft. \$1.25 Tree form, 8 to 10 ft. 2.00 Bush form, 5 to 6 ft. 1.00
Golden Willow (Salix vitellina aurea)—The golden yellow branches with the light green leaves, giving it a striking appearance. Each Tree form, 4 to 6 ft
Bush form, 3 to 4 ft



Lawn planting we made for Mr. F. M. R. Malmstadt, Amityville, L. I. Photographed only four months after planting.

Flowering Shrubs

The Shrubs That Lose Their Leaves During the Winter Season

Whether planted individually or collectively, shrubs are an important feature in the adornment of any grounds. In groups they can be made to emphasize some feature of the lawn, to screen the garage, the laundry yard or some unsightly view. Among borders of the lawn, along walks and drives and in corners, collections of shrubs may be gathered that will give a succession of bloom from early spring until fall. In the list that follows will be found shrubs for all such purposes. The month of the year mentioned in the description indicates the season when the shrub usually flowers.

Althea (Rose of Sharon)—Aug.-Sept. Valued as specimens and fine for screens and hedges.

]	Each	10
2 to 3 ft. high\$. 75	\$ 6.00
3 to 4 ft. high	. 90	7.50
4 to 5 ft. high	1.25	10.00
5 to 6 ft. high	2.00	15.00
Tree form, 5 to 6 ft	3.00	

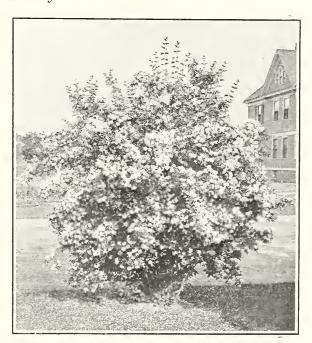
Berberis Thunbergi (Japan Barberry)—May. A great favorite for hedges, shrub groups and plantings generally. Each 10

1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	high	 \$.40	\$ 3.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	high	 	.60	5.00

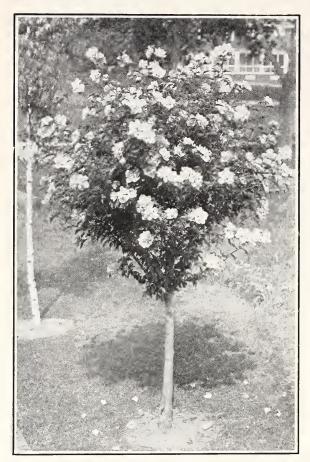
Ligustrum ovalifolium (California Privet)—This shrub is now in universal demand for hedge purposes. It will thrive everywhere even at the seashore.

Per 10

1 to 2 ft		,													. 6	\$. ;	80
2 to 3 ft																1	. :	20
3 to 4 ft			 	 												2		50



Spirea Opulifolia



Althea in Tree-form (See page 15)

Ligustrum Ibota (Ibota Privet)—Upright with white flowers and blue black berries. Autumn 10 foliage dark red. Each 2 to 3 ft. high.....\$.50 \$4.00 Berberis purpurea (Purple Leaf Barberry)— Attractive purple foliage. Adds variety and color to the shrubbery border. Each 10 2 to 3 ft....\$.75 \$6.00 3 to 4 ft. high 1.00 7.50Buddleia (Butterfly Bush)—July to frost. Long spikes of long blue flowers. Dies down to the ground each winter. 2 to 3 ft. high....\$.75 \$6.00 Cornus sibirica (Siberian Dogwood)—Branches coral red. Quite ornamental for winter effects. 10 Each 3 to 4 ft. high.....\$.75 \$6.00 Deutzia candidissima—June. Strong, upright

growing shrub with dainty double pure white

2 to 3 ft. high....\$.60

10

\$5.00

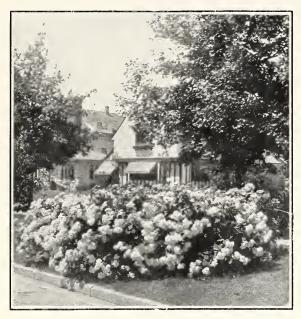
6.00

flowers, vigorous grower.

Cydonia japonica (Japan	Quince)—Early	bril-
liant scarlet blooms.	Each	10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. high	\$.75	\$6.00
2 to 3 ft. high	1.00	7.50
Deutzia, Pride of Rocheste	er—A very fine f	lower-
ing shrub, blooming abun	dantly in early	June.
Has beautiful pinkish white	e flowers borne in	ı large
panicles.	Each	10
2 to 3 ft. high	\$.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft. high		6.00
5 to 6 ft. high	1.25	10.00
6 to 8 ft. high	1.50	12.50
Deutzia Lemoine—May. M	Iedium in heigh	t with
long spikes of white flowers.		10
2 to 3 ft. high		\$6.00
3 to 4 ft. high	1.00	7.50
Euonymus alatus (Cork	Barked Euonyn	nus)—
Attractive red berries in fal	ll. Curious corky	bark,
brilliant autumnal foliage.		Each
$2 \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft. high} \dots$		\$1.00
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft. high} \dots$		2.50
4 to 5 ft. high		3.00
Hydrangea arborescens ste	rilis (Hills of Sn	ow)
July, August. Clusters of pu	are white snowba	all-like
blooms.	Each	10
$2 \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft. high} \dots$	\$.75	\$6.00
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft. high} \dots$	1.00	7.50



Butterfly Bush



Hydrangea Arborescens Sterilis, Hills of Snow

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora—July-Sept.

There is no more showy shrub than this favorite Hydrangea whose branches are bent beneath the weight of huge white clusters, later in the fall changing to pink and red.

Each 10

1 to 2 ft. high ... \$.75 \$ 6.00

2 to 3 ft. high ... 1.00 7.50

3 to 4 ft. high ... 1.25 10.00

Forsythia Fortunei (Golden Bell)—April. A wealth of golden bell-like blossoms in early spring. Handsome, broad, dark green leaves.

Tree form, 3 to 4 ft. high..... 2.00

Each	10
2 to 3 ft. high\$.60	\$ 5.00
3 to 4 ft. high	6.00
4 to 5 ft. high	7.50
5 to 6 ft. high	10.00
6 to 8 ft. high	15.00

Lonicera grandiflora (Bush Honeysuckle)—May. Slender, upright branches. White flowers.

	Each	10
2 to 3 ft	 .\$.60	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	 75	6.00
4 to 5 ft	 . 1.00	7.50

Lonicera tartarica roseaMay. Similar to the preceding variety but slower growing. Flowers pink.Each102, to 3 ft.\$.60\$5 .003 to 4 ft..756 .00

Lonicera fragrantissima—March-April. Delight-fully fragrant white flowers. Scarlet fruits and excellent foliage. Each 10

xcellent foliage.	lach	10
2 to 3 ft\$.60	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.00

Philadelphus gra	andifforus	s (Mock C)range)	-May
or June. Large	white and	d fragrant	flower	rs. Tall
growing.			Each	
$2 \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.} \dots$			6 . 60	\$ 5.00
3 to 4 ft			.75	6.00
4 to 5 ft			1.00	7.50
5 to 6 ft			1.25	10.00
6 to 8 ft			1.50	12.50
Philadelphus co	ronarius	(Mock O	range)	—Мау.

 Philadelphus coronarius (Mock Orange)—May.

 Vigorous, hardy, erect growing. Fragrant white

 flowers.
 Each
 10

 2 to 3 ft.
 \$.60
 \$6.00

 3 to 4 ft.
 .75
 6.00

Prunus triloba (Double Flowering Plum)—May.

A fine shrub bearing a profusion of double pink flowers all along the branches.

2 to 3 ft. \$1.50

3 to 4 ft. 2.00

Spirea opulifolia—June. Large, vigorous growing,bearing an abundance of fragrant white flowers inflat clusters.Each102 to 3 ft.\$.60\$5.003 to 4 ft..756.00

Spireabumalda(Everblooming Spirea)—Juneuntil frost. Abundant, flat clusters of rose-colored flowers. Slow grower.Each 10 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.\$.75 \$6.002 to 3 ft.1.00 7.50



Philadelphus or Mock Orange



Spirea Van Houttei

Spirea Van Houttei (Bridal Wreath)—May. Among the finest. A profusion of white flowers cover the graceful drooping branches.

Each	10
2 to 3 ft\$.60	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00
4 to 5 ft	9.00

Spirea Reevesiana—Last of May. Similar to the Van Houttei, except that its leaves assume autumnal tints.

2 to 3 ft

2	to	3	ft	 								.\$. 60	\$	5.00
3	to	4	ft	 									.75		6.00
4	to	5	ft	 								. :	1.00		9.00
6	to	8	ft	 									2.00	1	15.00

Spirea Thunbergi (Snow Garland)—April-May. Very graceful bush with enumerable small white flowers. Fine for sea-side planting. Each 10

1	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$.75	\$ 6.00
2 to 3 ft	7.50
3 to 4 ft 1.25	10.00

Sambucus aurea (Golden Elder)—A showy, golden leaved shrub, valuable for color contrast.

	10
2 to 3 ft\$.60	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.00
4 to 5 ft 1.00	7.50

Symphoricarpos racemosus (Snowberry)—Alender shrub, bearing clusters of waxy white fruits late in the fall. Does well in shady places.

]		10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$. 50	\$4.00
2 to 3 ft	. 75	6.00
3 to 4 ft	. 90	8.00

Clusters of small red berries in the fall. Does we in shady places. Each 10	_
J 1	11
11/4-94)
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$.50 \$4.0)(
2 to 3 ft)(
3 to 4 ft)(

Syringa vulgaris (Common Lilac)—May. The well known old-fashioned lilac. Flowers are very fragrant, varying from pale blue to lavender.

Eacl	h 10
2 to 3 ft\$.7	5 \$6.00
3 to 4 ft	0 = 7.50

Syringa persica (Persian Lilac)—May. Very graceful with lilac flowers in long, loose clusters.

Each	10
2 to 3 ft\$.75	\$6.00
3 to 4 ft 1.00	7.50

 Syringa Madam Lemoine—May. Double white
 Each

 French lilac.
 Each

 2 to 3 ft.
 \$1.50

 3 to 4 ft.
 2.50

 4 to 5 ft.
 3.50

Syringa Chas. X—May. Purple French lilac. _

l	±ach
2 to 3 ft\$	1.50
3 to 4 ft	2.50
4 to 5 ft	3 50

Tamarix africana (African Tamarisk)—May.
Strong, slender, upright growth with panicles of feathery pink flowers.

Each 10

	w	o	10	٠.	٠.	٠	٠	 	٠	٠	٠	۰	*	٠	٠	*	٠	٠	• 4P	OO	Ф0.00
3	to	4	ft					 												75	6.00



Single Lilac

Weigela	candida—-June.	Ivory	white	flowers
almost	cover the graceful a	arching b	oranche	s.
	C		Each	10
$2 ext{ to } 3$	3 ft		.\$.60	\$5.00
3 to	4 ft		75	6.00
Weigela	rosea—May or	June. F	lowers	medium
sized to	o large, varying fr	om pure	e white	to deep
pink on	the same branch.		Each	10
2 to	3 ft		.\$.60	\$5.00
3 to	4 ft		75	6.00
4 to	5 ft		. 1.00	7.50
Weigela	Eva Rathke—The	best da	rk red V	
			Each	10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ t	o 2 ft		.\$.75	\$ 6.00
2 to	3 ft		. 1.00	7.50
3 to	4 ft		. 1.25	10.00

Virburnum plicatum (Japanese Snowball)	-Мау.
Very showy shrub, large, pure whise bal	l-shaped
flowers. Heavy plicated foliage with rich a	utumnal
tints. Thrives also in partial shade. Each	10
2 to 3 ft\$1.00	\$ 7.50
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots 1.25$	10.00

Hedge Plants

Japanese Barberry—		
12 to 15 in		\$20 . 00
15 to 18 in	.	28.00
18 to 24 in		40.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		50.00
California Privet—		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		9.00
2 to 3 ft		12.00
3 to 4 ft		18.00

Vines and Climbers

For quick results in covering the bare sides and softening the sharp angles of buildings, hiding unsightly fences, beautifying and shading porches, bowers and summer houses, vines and climbers are indispensable. The sweeping vines about a porch appeal to everyone.

(All strong field grown plants)

Boston Ivy (Ampelopsis Veitchi)—The most valuable and generally planted vine of strong, thrifty habits which will cling to wood or stone.

60c each. \$5.00 per 10.

English Ivy (Hedera helix)—A familiar evergreen vine with thick, dark green foliage.

60c each. \$5.00 per 10.

Clematis paniculata—Clear and glossy foliage. Flowers are delicate, star-like, pure white.

60c each. \$5.00 per 10.

Eunonymus—(See broadleaf evergreens.)

Hall's Japan Honeysuckle (Lonicera Halleana)—Flowers white, turning to yellow; very fragrant. 40c each. \$3.00 per 10. Extra large, 60c each.

Trumpet Vine (Bignonia grandiflora)—Flowers in July with orange red flowers.

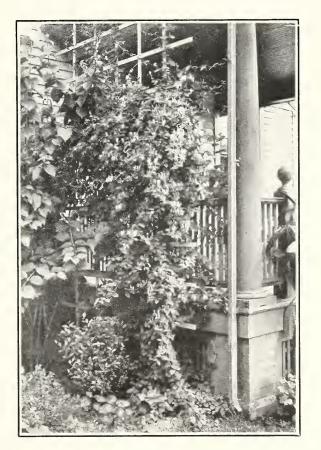
75c each. \$6.00 per 10.

Vinca Minor (Myrtle)—A familiar evergreen creeper with blue flowers. A splendid ground cover. 35c each. \$2.50 per 10.

Wisteria Chinensis (Purple Wisteria)—Most desirable for pergolas and to climb upon old trees.
\$1.00 each. \$7.50 per 10.
Extra large, \$1.50 each.

Climbing Roses—(See Roses.)

Plants make an ideal gift, birthday, anniversary or Christmas, for your friends, the hospitality of whose lawn you share when you visit them.



Hall's Japan Honeysuckle

Hardy Roses

Roses—the mere name is an inspiration to garden lovers. Nothing can take the place of the rose; almost every home has room for at least a few.

Roses will grow in any fertile soil, but are much improved in bloom, fragrance and beauty by rich soil, liberal fertilizing and good cultivation.

Branches should be well cut back each early spring.

Hybrid Tea and Perpetual Blooming Roses

(Strong 2-year-old field grown, \$1 each, \$9 per 10.)

Duchess of Wellington—Saffron yellow, stained crimson.

Gruss an Teplitz-Fiery crimson; very free.

H. V. Machin—Black-grained searlet crimson. Large.

Killarney Brilliant—Improved Killarney. Brilliant pink.

Mme. Butterfly—Large flowers in a brilliant pink, suffused apricot and gold.

Madame Ravery—Golden yellow buds, opening orange yellow.

Mme. Jules Bouche—White, salmon pink center.

Mrs. Aaron Ward—Deep Indian yellow.

Mrs. Franklin Dennison—Very large, full well-formed flowers of porcelain white.

Ophelia—Light salmon pink flesh, yellow base.

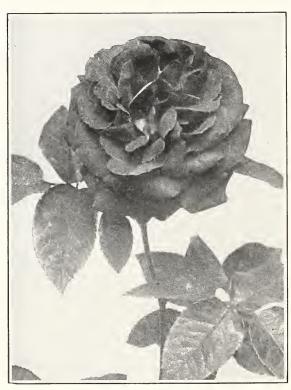
Red Radiance—Bright carmine, salmon, shaded red.

George Dickson—Velvety red.

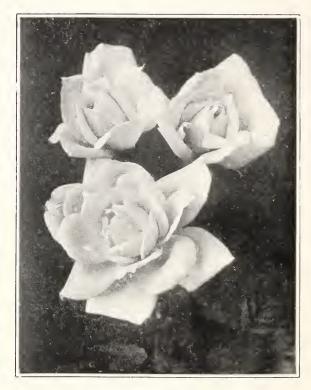
Mme. Edw. Herriott (Daily Mail)—Coral red, shaded with yellow.

Mme. Caroline Testout—Brilliant satiny rose.

Lady Ursula—Smooth flesh pink.



Gruss an Teplitz



Duchess of Wellington



Paul Neyron

Hybrid Perpetual and Polyantha Roses

(Strong 2-year-old field grown, \$1 each, \$9 per 10.)

Edith Cavell (Polyantha)—Brilliant scarlet.

Frau Karl Druschki-Large white bloom.

Katharina Zeimet (Polyantha)—White.

Magna Charta—Rosy pinkish carmine.

Ulrich Brunner—Light red, shaded a delightful scarlet.

Paul Neyron—Clear pink; attractive.

Gen. Jacqueminot—Brilliant scarlet crimson. A wonderful flower.

Rambler and Climbing Roses

Extra strong, \$1.50 each. \$12.50 per 10.

American Pillar—Cherry pink, white center.

Dorothy Perkins—Shell pink; a very popular variety.

Excelsa—Brilliant scarlet crimson.

Goldfinch—Attractive yellow flowers that bloom in great profusion.

Paul's Scarlet Climber—Flashing and vivid scarlet. Price \$1.00 each.

Silvermoon—Pure waxy white. A truly beautiful rose of this variety.

Tausendschon—Varies from pink to white. One of the best climbers.

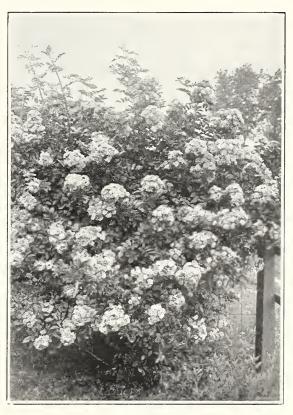
White Dorothy Perkins—Pure white double flowers.

TREE OR STANDARD ROSES

Best varieties \$2.50 each. \$22.50 per 10.

Strong Plants

Our Roses are strong plants, grown in the open ground in the Nursery—not small pot stuff nor exhausted florists' stock, discarded after blooming. Our field-grown Roses have a stored-up strength and vigor that will respond at once when planted in your garden.



Tausendschon

Hardy Perennials

It is no wonder that these old-fashioned hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity, for there is not a time during the whole flowering season when some hardy perennial is not in bloom, and when, during the late summer, few flowering shrubs are in blossom, these little plants may be depended upon for attractive display.

Plant Perennials this year in the flower bed where you have been using annuals. Each year you have to replace the annuals, whereas the Perennials come up each season with very little work or expense.

You do not need a large estate to have an old-fashioned garden or border from which you can pick flowers from early spring until late fall. Let us help plan your garden.

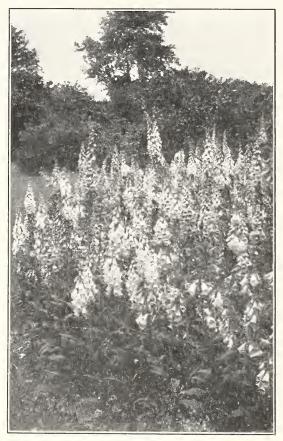
The size mentioned in the description indicates the height the plants may be expected to attain at maturity, the month represents the season of bloom.

25ceach. \$2.50per doz. \$20.00per 100. Extra strong, 35c each. \$3.50per doz. \$25.00per 100. (except where otherwise noted.)

Achillea, The Pearl—2 ft. Small, double white flowers. June to October.

Anemone (Japanese windflower)—White and pink. Fine for cutting and decorating purposes and do well in semi-shaded places. 2 to 3 ft. September-October.

Astilbe (Spirea)—1 to 2 ft. June. White and pink. They thrive best in moist soil and partial shade. 35c each.



Foxglove



Gaillardia

Aquilegia hybrids (Columbine)—2 to 2½ ft. May to July. A single long spurred variety, colors including red, blue, white and yellow.

Aster tartarica—4 ft. September-October. One of the showiest and best with numerous small flowers of clear lilac.

Centaurea montana (Cornflower)—1½ ft. Violet blue thistle-like flowers from June till September.

Chrysanthemum Autumn Beauty—2 ft. October-November. Golden brown flowers.

35c each. \$3.00 per 10.



Phlox

Convallaria majalis (Lily of the Valley)—6 inches. May. Loves moist and shady places.

35c each.

\$3.00 per 10.

Coreopsis grandiflora—2 to 3 ft. Bright yellow flowers. Blooms from June to frost if flowers are cut as they fade.

Delphinium belladonna (Larkspur)—2½ to 3 ft. Tall spikes of beautiful light blue flowers in June and July.

Dianthus barbatus (Sweet William)—1 to 1½ ft. May-June. Very showy flower-clusters of red, pink and white.

Dianthus—Hardy pink. Fine for cut flowers. 1 ft. May-June.

Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart)—1 to 2 ft. Its arching stems bear drooping heart-shaped flowers of white and rose. Valuable for planting in the shade. May-July.

75c each. \$6.00 per 10.

Digitalis (Foxglove)—The foxgloves are stately old-fashioned plants with tall spikes of drooping bells that grow 4 to 5 ft. in height. June and July.

Forget-Me-Not (Myosotis)—8 to 10 inches. May to September. Beautiful small blue flowers. Prefer moist, shady places.

Funkia undulata medio varigata (Plantain Lily) Variegated green and white leaves with attractive purple flowers.

35c each.

\$2.50 per 10.

Funkia subcordata (White Day Lily)—Handsome green foliage with large pure white flowers. The best of the Funkias.

35c each.

\$2.50 per 10.

Gaillardia grandiflora (Blanket Flower)—2 ft. Attractive daisy-like flowers with orange tipped petals shading to scarlet in the center. June until frost.

Gypsophila paniculata (Baby's Breath)—3 to 4 ft. Very minute, delicate white flowers. Ideal for trimming bouquets. June-August.

Hollyhocks—5 to 8 ft. In shades of red, white and pink.

Hibiscus (Marsh Mallow)—5 to 6 ft. A large leaved plant producing large, showy flowers throughout the summer. Fine for massing in moist places. Colors, red, pink and white.

Iris Germanica (German Iris)—They vary in height from 2 to 3 ft. Blossoming in June. In shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow and white.

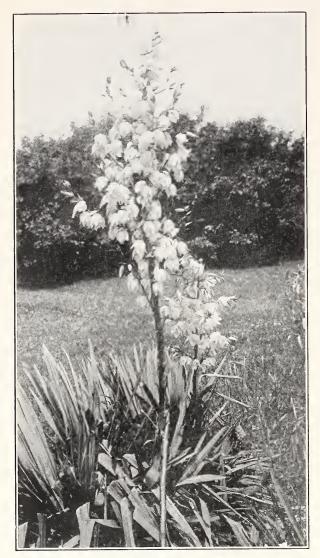
Iris Siberica (Siberian Iris)—2 to 3 ft. Grass-like foliage with clusters of blue flowers. Adapted for mass and water side planting. May to June.

Iris Kaempferi (Japanese Iris)—2 to 3 ft. Large, flat flowers in many colors. Last of June.

Lupinus—Blue, white and pink. 3 ft. Flowers in June.



Japanese Iris



Yucca

Lychnis Chalcedonica (Maltese Cross)—2 to 3 ft. Flat heads of bright searlet, borne in stout, leafy stems. July-August.

Pachysandra terminalis (Japanese Spurge)—An evergreen ground cover with attractive dark green leaves, valuable for planting in shady places where grass will not grow.

Physalis Franchetii (Chinese Lantern plant)— Enormous orange colored fruit. 2 ft. April-May.

Pyrethrum hybridum (Persian Daisy)—Large daisy like blossoms on slender stems. Fern like foliage. Excellent for cutting. 2 ft. June and July. Single and double mixed in pink, white and red.

Phlox decussata—During the dry, hot summer weather when vegetation looks its worst, these plants can be depended upon to brighten the garden with their brilliant colors ranging from white to rich crimson.

35c each.

\$3.00 per 10.

Mrs. Lingard—Fine white.

General van Heutz—Bright salmon red, white center.

Thor—Rich salmon pink.

Rynstrom—Deep pink.

Rheinlander—Soft salmon pink; deep red eye.

Phlox sublata—A creeping variety with moss-like evergreen foliage, covered with pink flowers in spring. Splendid for ground cover, for edging and for rockeries.

Paeonia—In colors, not named. 75c each.

Paeonia, Gloire de Chas. Gombault (Imported)
—Outer petals fleshy pink with clear salmon center; very beautiful.

\$1.25 each.

\$10.00 per 10.

Paeonia, Linne (Imported)—Bright deep pink A new rare variety, very large flower. \$1.50 each.

Paeonia, Madame Emil Lemoine (Imported)— New French variety. Among the finest of all whites. \$1.50 each.

Paeonia, Monsieur Krelahe (Imported)—Large to very large, full flower, deep wine red; solid color; finest habit; very fragrant. \$1.00 each.

Paeonia Pomponette (Imported)—Very pretty, lilac rose. \$1.00 each.

Paeonia Aurora (Imported)—Attractive salmon white. \$1.00 each.

Yucca filamentosa (Adams Needle)—Sends up tall stalks laden with ivory white flowers in June and July, Evergreen sword-like leaves. Desirable in shrubbery or Perennial border.

\$1.00 each.

\$7.50 per 10.

Platycodon (Chinese Balloon Flower)—1 ft. Attractive wide open bell-shaped flowers of light blue. July-September.

Rudbeckia laciniata (Golden Glow)—5 to 6 ft. July-September. Golden yellow dahlia-like flowers in clusters. Excellent for background and for planting in odd corners.

Choice Dahlias

You will want them for cut flowers. Who does not enjoy the beautiful, artistic flowering Dahlias, with their perfect form and attractively arranged petals? They have much to recommend them, ease of culture, long blooming season and their great flower producing qualities. We have a fine collection of Decorative, Cactus, Show, Pompon and Single Dahlias. Following are a few of the most popular varieties.

(Prices, 30c each. \$2.50 per 10 except where noted.)



Dream (Decorative)—A lovely combination of peach-pink and salmon with glowing amber toward the center. Flowers of supreme beauty and perfect form. Long strong stems. 75c each.

Cracy (Single)—Very graceful and a free bloomer. Color delicate pink. Very useful for cutting and effective in combination with the double sorts.

J. J. Jackson (Cactus)—Dark maroon. A very attractive flower and will add beauty to your collection. Excellent for cut flowers.

Lyndhurst—Brightest vermilion. The best red for cutting. Decorative.

President Faillaires (Peony Flowered)—Fine red so vivid as to dazzle the eye with long and stiff stems. Vigorous grower with excellent foliage and very free flowering.

Princess Juliana (Decorative)—An old favorite, where quality and a pure white cut flower is wanted. Exceptionally large, borne on strong stiff stems. Free flowering and vigorous growing.

Mrs. Harding (Decorative)—Deep orange color that has plenty of flash to it. Choice fine shaped blooms freely borne on good stems.

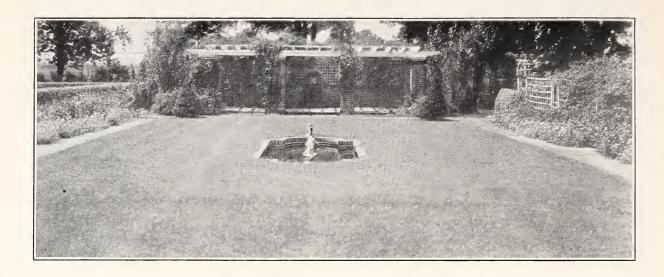
Princess Pat—Old rose, very large flower borne on straight, sturdy stems. Has a splendid habit and good keeping qualities. \$1.50 each.

Show Dahlias—Mixed colors. This mixture contains all of the most attractive colors and combinations and is undoubtedly the best selection of mixed dahlias on the market. \$1.00 per 10.

The Dahlia

Is just now the fashionable flower. Its great popularity is due to many attractions: the size and grace of the blooms, so far superior to the older forms, the wide range and brilliance of the colors and a blooming season of late summer until frost.





The Lawn

The joy and delight of every home builder is a good lawn. The green carpet is the canvas upon which the house, trees, shrubs and flowers depend for setting. We will be pleased to give you an estimate on making you a good lawn.

Lawnseed (best mixture for this locality)—45c per lb. \$4.00 per 10 lbs.

Fertilizers—Sheep manure, bonemeal, lime, etc. Prices on application.





There is a lot of pleasure in a small home orchard.

Fruits for the Home Garden

In the extremities of the lawn or upon the adjoining lot, plant fruit trees. They will bountifully reward you in the fruit they yield and which you will enjoy eating right from the trees or, in winter as preserves and jam. The fruit garden can easily be made a part

of the scheme for beautifying your property. Flowers along the walk to the orchard will brighten the way and provide flowers for cutting.

The following is a limited selection of varieties that we know will do best on Long Island.

APPLES—Early; Red Astrachan, Yellow Transparent. Autumn: Fall Pippin, Fameuse. Winter: Baldwin, R. I. Greening.

5	to	6	ft.	selected			.	.\$1.50
В	to	Q	f+	transplanted	99	00	to	\$5.00

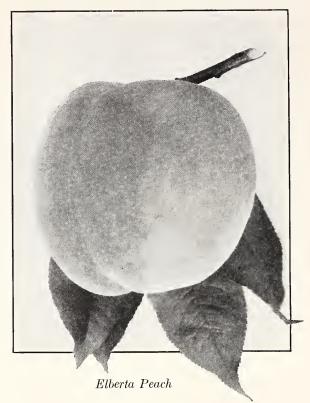
PEARS—Bartlett, early; Clapp's Favorite, early; Kieffer, late. Each

5	to	6	ft.	selected	\$1.50
6	to	8	ft.	transplanted \$2.00 to	\$5.00

Plant a few fruit trees anyway. They are ornamental; and then no matter how plentiful fruit may be on the market, there's a flavor to one's own productions in the orchard and garden, that just can't be found elsewhere.



Apples



Grapes

Concord—Blue, early, fine flavor. Most popular standard grape grown today.

Niagara—The best standard white.

Worden—Black, large berries.

Lindley—Fine red grape.

Strong 2-year-old plants, 50e each. \$4.00 per 10. Strong 3-year-old plants, 75e each. \$7.00 per 10.

CURRANTS—Red, White and Black.

30c each.

\$3.00 per 10.

GOOSEBERRIES—Downing, green; Houghton, red.

50c each.

\$4.00 per 10.

These two varieties are recognized as the standards.

RASPBERRIES—Everbearing. They require very little attention and supply plenty of delicious berries.

15c each.

\$1.25 per 10.

SPRAYING OF FRUIT TREES

For best results we recommend three sprayings. First, during the winter; second, after the blossoms fall; and, third, two weeks later. This will control the most prevalent insects and fungus diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island.

We have men experienced in this kind of work, which are available at a moderate cost.

Peaches

Crawford—Early, yellow, freestone peach. One of the most popular varieties.

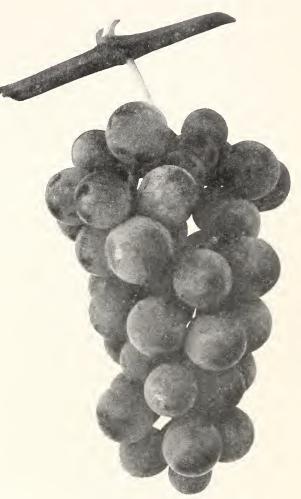
Belle of Georgia—Early, white; freestone.

Elberta—Early, yellow; a very popular freestone.

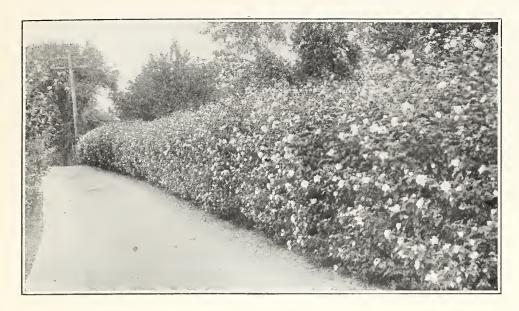
Crawford Late—Late, yellow; freestone.

Any of the above varieties:	Each
4 to 6 ft. high	.\$.75
6 to 8 ft. high	. 1.50

CHERRIES—Black Tartarian, sweet; Early	y Rich-
mond, sour.	Each
5 to 6 ft	\$1.75
PLUMS—Burbank, large, cherry red.	Each
5 to 6 ft	\$1.75
QUINCES—Champion and Orange.	Each
3 to 4 ft	\$1 . 50
4 to 5 ft.	1.75

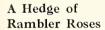


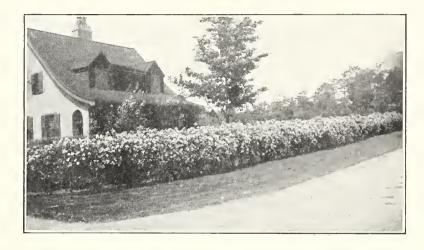
Concord Grapes

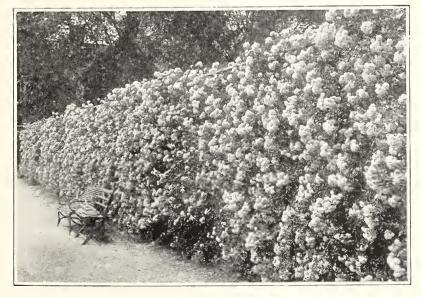


A Hedge of Atheas.

Rose of Sharon blooms through the driest midsummer season.







A Hedge of Rambler Roses—used to Screen a Tennis Court.

Hedges may be beautiful with color.

Suggestions for Unusual and Attractive Hedges



A planting made for Mr. Geo. L. Walker, Brightwaters. The picture was taken one year after planting—yet the immediate effect gained, suggests years of waiting. The plants spent those years in the nursery; we did the waiting; the picture shows what our client got almost immediately.

Our Summer and Winter Pruning Service

You may arrange with us to carry out this work for you. We have available trained gardeners of long experience, who will execute this work successfully and economically. If you so desire we will be pleased to place your name upon our pruning list, which means that when the pruning work should be done, we carry out the work without further inconvenience to you.

Much disappointment in general planting work is the result of lack of after care. Proper pruning is essential if satisfactory results are to be secured. Flowers, shrubs, trees and certain evergreens, all have their special pruning requirements and, on account of the time at which different flowering wood is made, it is necessary that such work be done under the direction of a gardener of long experience and training. Many so-called gardeners who, though able to plant successfully, are not sufficiently trained regarding different requirements of plants to be able to carry out pruning work successfully. Such work accounts for the round sheared effects so often seen, and also for the lack of flowers during the spring due to the fact that all the flowering wood was removed by careless pruning.

We consider it a pleasure to offer suggestions in regard to planting problems, without charge, to intended purchasers. Drop us a card or phone Bay Shore 542 and we will be pleased to look over your place.

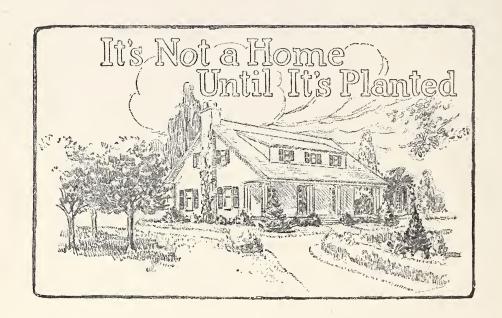
Let us pull together for a charming landscape.

BULK'S NURSERIES

Bay Shore, Long Island, New York

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BULK'S NURSERIES

Landscape Contracting
Bay Shore, Long Island, N. Y.

Nurseries on the Boulevard, Bay Shore and South Country Road, Babylon, N. Y.

Office and Sales Grounds on the South Country Road, Brightwaters. One-half mile west of Bay Shore.